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## Features

- High Performance, Low Power AVR<sup>®</sup> 8-bit Microcontroller
- Advanced RISC Architecture
  - 124 Powerful Instructions - Most Single Clock Cycle Execution
  - 32 x 8 General Purpose Working Registers
  - Fully Static Operation
  - Up to 1 MIPS Throughput at 1 MHz
- Nonvolatile Program and Data Memories
  - 40K Bytes of In-System Self-Programmable Flash, Endurance: 10,000 Write/Erase Cycles
  - Optional Boot Code Section with Independent Lock Bits  
In-System Programming by On-chip Boot Program  
True Read-While-Write Operation
  - 512 bytes EEPROM, Endurance: 100,000 Write/Erase Cycles
  - 2K Bytes Internal SRAM
  - Programming Lock for Software Security
- On-chip Debugging
  - Extensive On-chip Debug Support
  - Available through JTAG interface
- Battery Management Features
  - Two, Three, or Four Cells in Series
  - Deep Under-voltage Protection
  - Over-current Protection (Charge and Discharge)
  - Short-circuit Protection (Discharge)
  - Integrated Cell Balancing FETs
  - High Voltage Outputs to Drive Charge/Precharge/Discharge FETs
- Peripheral Features
  - One 8-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler, Compare Mode, and PWM
  - One 16-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler and Compare Mode
  - 12-bit Voltage ADC, Eight External and Two Internal ADC Inputs
  - High Resolution Coulomb Counter ADC for Current Measurements
  - TWI Serial Interface for SM-Bus
  - Programmable Wake-up Timer
  - Programmable Watchdog Timer
- Special Microcontroller Features
  - Power-on Reset
  - On-chip Voltage Regulator
  - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
  - Four Sleep Modes: Idle, Power-save, Power-down, and Power-off
- Packages
  - 48-pin LQFP
- Operating Voltage: 4.0 - 25V
- Maximum Withstand Voltage (High-voltage pins): 28V
- Temperature Range: -30°C to 85°C
  - Speed Grade: 1 MHz



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**8-bit AVR<sup>®</sup>  
Microcontroller  
with 40K Bytes  
In-System  
Programmable  
Flash**

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**ATmega406**

**Preliminary  
Summary**

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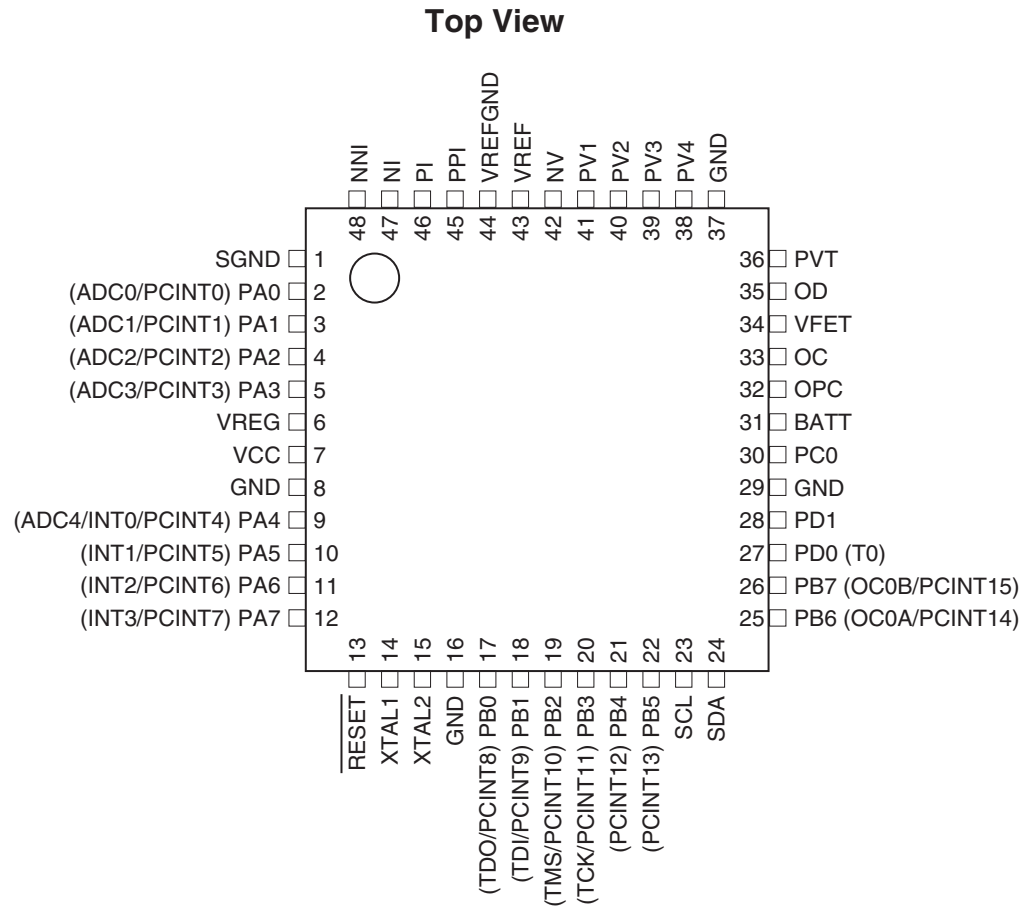
2548DS-AVR-06/05



Note: This is a summary document. A complete document is available on our Web site at [www.atmel.com](http://www.atmel.com).

# 1. Pin Configurations

Figure 1-1. Pinout ATmega406.



## 1.1 Disclaimer

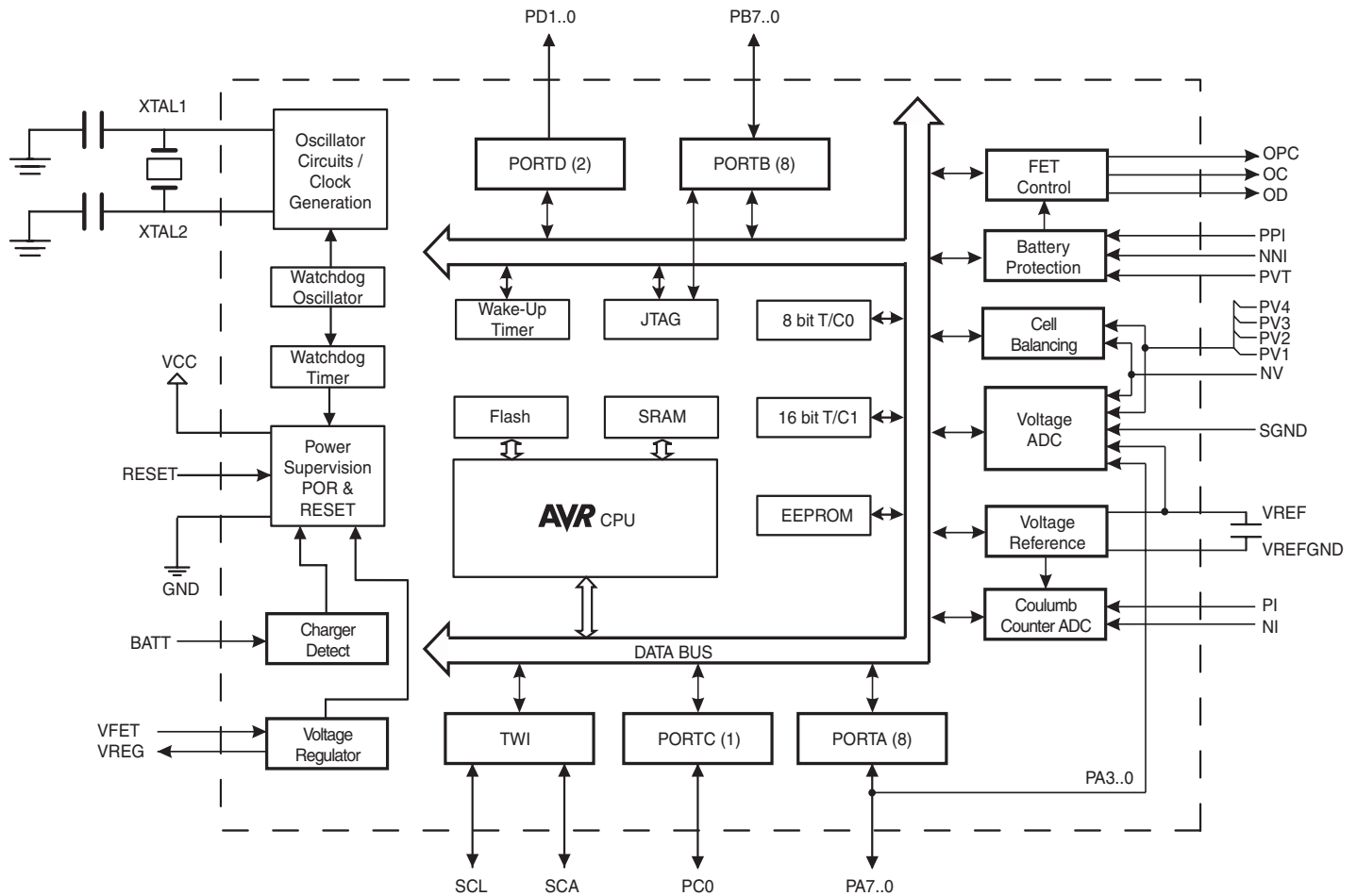
Typical values contained in this datasheet are based on simulations and characterization of other AVR microcontrollers manufactured on the same process technology. Min and Max values will be available after the device is characterized.

## 2. Overview

The ATmega406 is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the ATmega406 achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS at 1 MHz.

### 2.1 Block Diagram

Figure 2-1. Block Diagram



The ATmega406 provides the following features: a Voltage Regulator, dedicated Battery Protection Circuitry, integrated cell balancing FETs, high-voltage analog front-end, and an MCU with two ADCs with On-chip voltage reference for battery fuel gauging.

The voltage regulator operates at a wide range of voltages, 4.0 - 25 volts. This voltage is regulated to a constant supply voltage of nominally 3.3 volts for the integrated logic and analog functions.

The battery protection monitors the battery voltage and charge/discharge current to detect illegal conditions and protect the battery from these when required. The illegal conditions are deep under-voltage during discharging, short-circuit during discharging and over-current during charging and discharging.



The integrated cell balancing FETs allow cell balancing algorithms to be implemented in software.

The MCU provides the following features: 40K bytes of In-System Programmable Flash with Read-While-Write capabilities, 512 bytes EEPROM, 2K byte SRAM, 32 general purpose working registers, 18 general purpose I/O lines, 11 high-voltage I/O lines, a JTAG Interface for On-chip Debugging support and programming, two flexible Timer/Counters with PWM and compare modes, one Wake-up Timer, an SM-Bus compliant TWI module, internal and external interrupts, a 12-bit Sigma Delta ADC for voltage and temperature measurements, a high resolution Sigma Delta ADC for Coulomb Counting and instantaneous current measurements, a programmable Watchdog Timer with internal Oscillator, and four software selectable power saving modes.

The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

The Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the other chip function to continue functioning. The Power-down mode allows the voltage regulator, battery protection, regulator current detection, Watchdog Timer, and Wake-up Timer to operate, while disabling all other chip functions until the next Interrupt or Hardware Reset. In Power-save mode, the Wake-up Timer and Coulomb Counter ADC continues to run.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high voltage high density non-volatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed In-System, by a conventional non-volatile memory programmer or by an On-chip Boot program running on the AVR core. The Boot program can use any interface to download the application program in the Application Flash memory. Software in the Boot Flash section will continue to run while the Application Flash section is updated, providing true Read-While-Write operation. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with In-System Self-Programmable Flash, fuel gauging ADCs, dedicated battery protection circuitry, Cell Balancing FETs, and a voltage regulator on a monolithic chip, the Atmel ATmega406 is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution for Li-ion Smart Battery applications.

The ATmega406 AVR is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: C Compilers, Macro Assemblers, Program Debugger/Simulators, and On-chip Debugger.

## 2.2 Pin Descriptions

### 2.2.1 VFET

Input to the internal voltage regulator.

### 2.2.2 VCC

Digital supply voltage. Normally connected to VREG.

### 2.2.3 VREG

Output from the internal voltage regulator.

### 2.2.4 VREF

Internal Voltage Reference for external decoupling.

### 2.2.5 VREFGND

Ground for decoupling of Internal Voltage Reference.

### 2.2.6 GND

Ground

### 2.2.7 SGND

Signal Ground.

### 2.2.8 Port A (PA7:PA0)

PA3:PA0 serves as the analog inputs to the Voltage A/D Converter.

Port A also serves as a low-voltage 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). As inputs, Port A pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port A pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port A also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega406 as listed in ["Alternate Functions of Port A" on page 66](#).

### 2.2.9 Port B (PB7:PB0)

Port B is a low-voltage 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega406 as listed in ["Alternate Functions of Port B" on page 68](#).

### 2.2.10 Port C (PC0)

Port C is a high voltage Open Drain output port.

### 2.2.11 Port D (PD1:PD0)

Port D is a low-voltage 2-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up

resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port D also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega406 as listed in ["Alternate Functions of Port D"](#) on page 70.

- 2.2.12 SCL**  
SMBUS clock, Open Drain bidirectional pin.
- 2.2.13 SDA**  
SMBUS data, Open Drain bidirectional pin.
- 2.2.14 OC**  
High voltage output to drive Charge FET.
- 2.2.15 OD**  
High voltage output to drive Discharge FET.
- 2.2.16 OPC**  
High voltage output to drive Pre-charge FET.
- 2.2.17 NI**  
NI is the filtered negative input from the current sense resistor.
- 2.2.18 NNI**  
NNI is the unfiltered negative input from the current sense resistor.
- 2.2.19 PI**  
PI is the filtered positive input from the current sense resistor.
- 2.2.20 PPI**  
PPI is the unfiltered positive input from the current sense resistor.
- 2.2.21 NV/PV1/PV2/PV3/PV4**  
NV, PV1, PV2, PV3, and PV4 are the inputs for battery cells 1, 2, 3, and 4.
- 2.2.22 PVT**  
PVT defines the pull-up level for the OD output.
- 2.2.23 BATT**  
Input for detecting when a charger is connected. This pin also defines the pull-up level for OC and OPC outputs.
- 2.2.24 RESET**  
Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running. The minimum pulse length is given in Table 11 on page 38. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.
- 2.2.25 XTAL1**  
Input to the inverting Oscillator amplifier.

**2.2.26 XTAL2**

Output from the inverting Oscillator amplifier.



## 31. Register Summary

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page	
(0xFF)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xFE)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xFD)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xFC)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xFB)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xFA)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xF9)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xF8)	BPPLR	–	–	–	–	–	–	BPPLR	BPPL	121	
(0xF7)	BPCR	–	–	–	–	DUVD	SCD	DCD	CCD	121	
(0xF6)	CBPTR	SCPT[3:0]				OCPT[3:0]					122
(0xF5)	BPOCD	DCDL[3:0]				CCDL[3:0]					123
(0xF4)	BPSCD	–	–	–	–	SCDL[3:0]					123
(0xF3)	BPDUV	–	–	DUVT1	DUVT0	DUDL[3:0]					124
(0xF2)	BPIR	DUVIF	COCIF	DOCIF	SCIF	DUVIE	COCIE	DOCIE	SCIE	125	
(0xF1)	CBCR	–	–	–	–	CBE4	CBE3	CBE2	CBE1	130	
(0xF0)	FCSR	–	–	PWMOC	PWMOPC	CPS	DFE	CFE	PFD	127	
(0xEF)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xEE)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xED)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xEC)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xEB)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xEA)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xE9)	CADICH					CADIC[15:8]					108
(0xE8)	CADICL					CADIC[7:0]					108
(0xE7)	CADRDC					CADRDC[7:0]					109
(0xE6)	CADRCC					CADRCC[7:0]					108
(0xE5)	CADCSRB	–	CADACIE	CADRCIE	CADICIE	–	CADACIF	CADRCIF	CADICIF	107	
(0xE4)	CADCSRA	CADEN	–	CADUB	CADAS1	CADAS0	CADS1	CADS0	CADSE	105	
(0xE3)	CADAC3					CADAC[31:24]					108
(0xE2)	CADAC2					CADAC[23:16]					108
(0xE1)	CADAC1					CADAC[15:8]					108
(0xE0)	CADAC0					CADAC[7:0]					108
(0xDF)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xDE)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xDD)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xDC)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xDB)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xDA)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xD9)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xD8)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xD7)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xD6)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xD5)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xD4)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xD3)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xD2)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xD1)	BGCCR	BGCR7	BGCR6	BGCR5	BGCR4	BGCR3	BGCR2	BGCR1	BGCR0	116	
(0xD0)	BGCCR	BGEN	–	BGCC5	BGCC4	BGCC3	BGCC2	BGCC1	BGCC0	116	
(0xCF)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xCE)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xCD)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xCC)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xCB)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xCA)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xC9)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xC8)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xC7)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xC6)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xC5)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xC4)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xC3)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xC2)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xC1)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xC0)	CCSR	–	–	–	–	–	–	XOE	ACS	29	



Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page	
(0xBF)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xBE)	TWBCSR	TWBCIF	TWBCIE	–	–	–	TWBDT1	TWBDT0	TWBCIP	162	
(0xBD)	TWAMR	TWAM[6:0]							–	–	143
(0xBC)	TWCR	TWINT	TWEA	TWSTA	TWSTO	TWWC	TWEN	–	TWIE	140	
(0xBB)	TWDR	2-wire Serial Interface Data Register								142	
(0xBA)	TWAR	TWA[6:0]							–	TWGCE	142
(0xB9)	TWSR	TWS[7:3]					–	–	TWPS1	TWPS0	141
(0xB8)	TWBR	2-wire Serial Interface Bit Rate Register								140	
(0xB7)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xB6)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xB5)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xB4)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xB3)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xB2)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xB1)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xB0)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xAF)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xAE)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xAD)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xAC)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xAB)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xAA)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xA9)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xA8)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xA7)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xA6)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xA5)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xA4)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xA3)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xA2)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xA1)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0xA0)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x9F)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x9E)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x9D)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x9C)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x9B)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x9A)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x99)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x98)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x97)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x96)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x95)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x94)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x93)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x92)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x91)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x90)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x8F)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x8E)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x8D)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x8C)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x8B)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x8A)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x89)	OCR1AH	Timer/Counter1 – Output Compare Register A High Byte								99	
(0x88)	OCR1AL	Timer/Counter1 – Output Compare Register A Low Byte								99	
(0x87)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x86)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x85)	TCNT1H	Timer/Counter1 – Counter Register High Byte								99	
(0x84)	TCNT1L	Timer/Counter1 – Counter Register Low Byte								99	
(0x83)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x82)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x81)	TCCR1B	–	–	–	–	CTC1	CS12	CS11	CS10	98	
(0x80)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x7F)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–		
(0x7E)	DIDR0	–	–	–	–	VADC3D	VADC2D	VADC1D	VADC0D	114	





Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0x7D)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x7C)	VADMUX	–	–	–	–	VADMUX3	VADMUX2	VADMUX1	VADMUX0	112
(0x7B)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x7A)	VADCSR	–	–	–	–	VADEN	VADSC	VADCCIF	VADCCIE	113
(0x79)	VADCH	–	–	–	–	VADC Data Register High byte				113
(0x78)	VADCL	VADC Data Register Low byte								113
(0x77)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x76)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x75)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x74)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x73)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x72)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x71)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x70)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x6F)	TIMSK1	–	–	–	–	–	–	OCIE1A	TOIE1	100
(0x6E)	TIMSK0	–	–	–	–	–	OCIE0B	OCIE0A	TOIE0	91
(0x6D)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x6C)	PCMSK1	PCINT[15:8]								57
(0x6B)	PCMSK0	PCINT[7:0]								57
(0x6A)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x69)	EICRA	ISC31	ISC30	ISC21	ISC20	ISC11	ISC10	ISC01	ISC00	54
(0x68)	PCICR	–	–	–	–	–	–	PCIE1	PCIE0	56
(0x67)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x66)	FOSCCAL	Fast Oscillator Calibration Register								27
(0x65)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x64)	PRR0	–	–	–	–	PRTWI	PRTIM1	PRTIM0	PRVADC	35
(0x63)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x62)	WUTCSR	WUTIF	WUTIE	WUTCF	WUTR	WUTE	WUTP2	WUTP1	WUTP0	47
(0x61)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
(0x60)	WDTCSR	WDIF	WDIE	WDP3	WDCE	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	45
0x3F (0x5F)	SREG	I	T	H	S	V	N	Z	C	10
0x3E (0x5E)	SPH	SP15	SP14	SP13	SP12	SP11	SP10	SP9	SP8	12
0x3D (0x5D)	SPL	SP7	SP6	SP5	SP4	SP3	SP2	SP1	SP0	12
0x3C (0x5C)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x3B (0x5B)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x3A (0x5A)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x39 (0x59)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x38 (0x58)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x37 (0x57)	SPMCSR	SPMIE	RWWSB	SIGRD	RWWSRE	BLBSET	PGWRT	PGERS	SPMEN	175
0x36 (0x56)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x35 (0x55)	MCUCR	JTD	–	–	PUD	–	–	IVSEL	IVCE	52/66
0x34 (0x54)	MCUSR	–	–	–	JTRF	WDRF	BODRF	EXTRF	PORF	41
0x33 (0x53)	SMCR	–	–	–	–	SM2	SM1	SM0	SE	31
0x32 (0x52)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x31 (0x51)	OCDR	On-Chip Debug Register								169
0x30 (0x50)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x2F (0x4F)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x2E (0x4E)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x2D (0x4D)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x2C (0x4C)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x2B (0x4B)	GPIOR2	General Purpose I/O Register 2								24
0x2A (0x4A)	GPIOR1	General Purpose I/O Register 1								24
0x29 (0x49)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x28 (0x48)	OCR0B	Timer/Counter0 Output Compare Register B								90
0x27 (0x47)	OCR0A	Timer/Counter0 Output Compare Register A								90
0x26 (0x46)	TCNT0	Timer/Counter0 (8 Bit)								90
0x25 (0x45)	TCCR0B	FOC0A	FOC0B	–	–	WGM02	CS02	CS01	CS00	89
0x24 (0x44)	TCCR0A	COM0A1	COM0A0	COM0B1	COM0B0	–	–	WGM01	WGM00	86
0x23 (0x43)	GTCCR	TSM	–	–	–	–	–	–	PSRSYNC	102
0x22 (0x42)	EEARH	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	High Byte	19
0x21 (0x41)	EEARL	EEPROM Address Register Low Byte								19
0x20 (0x40)	EEDR	EEPROM Data Register								19
0x1F (0x3F)	EECR	–	–	EEMP1	EEMP0	EEFIE	EEMPE	EEPE	EERE	19
0x1E (0x3E)	GPIOR0	General Purpose I/O Register 0								24
0x1D (0x3D)	EIMSK	–	–	–	–	INT3	INT2	INT1	INT0	55
0x1C (0x3C)	EIFR	–	–	–	–	INTF3	INTF2	INTF1	INTF0	55

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
0x1B (0x3B)	PCIFR	–	–	–	–	–	–	PCIF1	PCIF0	
0x1A (0x3A)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x19 (0x39)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x18 (0x38)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x17 (0x37)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x16 (0x36)	TIFR1	–	–	–	–	–	–	OCF1A	TOV1	100
0x15 (0x35)	TIFR0	–	–	–	–	–	OCF0B	OCF0A	TOV0	91
0x14 (0x34)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x13 (0x33)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x12 (0x32)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x11 (0x31)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x10 (0x30)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x0F (0x2F)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x0E (0x2E)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x0D (0x2D)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x0C (0x2C)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x0B (0x2B)	PORTD	–	–	–	–	–	–	PORTD1	PORTD0	72
0x0A (0x2A)	DDRD	–	–	–	–	–	–	DDD1	DDD0	72
0x09 (0x29)	PIND	–	–	–	–	–	–	PIND1	PIND0	72
0x08 (0x28)	PORTC	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	PORTC0	74
0x07 (0x27)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x06 (0x26)	Reserved	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	
0x05 (0x25)	PORTB	PORTB7	PORTB6	PORTB5	PORTB4	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	71
0x04 (0x24)	DDRB	DDB7	DDB6	DDB5	DDB4	DDB3	DDB2	DDB1	DDB0	71
0x03 (0x23)	PINB	PINB7	PINB6	PINB5	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	72
0x02 (0x22)	PORTA	PORTA7	PORTA6	PORTA5	PORTA4	PORTA3	PORTA2	PORTA1	PORTA0	71
0x01 (0x21)	DDRA	DDA7	DDA6	DDA5	DDA4	DDA3	DDA2	DDA1	DDA0	71
0x00 (0x20)	PINA	PINA7	PINA6	PINA5	PINA4	PINA3	PINA2	PINA1	PINA0	71

- Notes:
1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.
  2. I/O registers within the address range \$00 - \$1F are directly bit-accessible using the SBI and CBI instructions. In these registers, the value of single bits can be checked by using the SBIS and SBIC instructions.
  3. Some of the status flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that the CBI and SBI instructions will operate on all bits in the I/O register, writing a one back into any flag read as set, thus clearing the flag. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers 0x00 to 0x1F only.
  4. When using the I/O specific commands IN and OUT, the I/O addresses \$00 - \$3F must be used. When addressing I/O registers as data space using LD and ST instructions, \$20 must be added to these addresses. The ATmega406 is a complex microcontroller with more peripheral units than can be supported within the 64 location reserved in Opcode for the IN and OUT instructions. For the Extended I/O space from \$60 - \$FF in SRAM, only the ST/STS/STD and LD/LDS/LDD instructions can be used.

## 32. Instruction Set Summary

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
<b>ARITHMETIC AND LOGIC INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADIW	Rdl,K	Add Immediate to Word	$Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl + K$	Z,C,N,V,S	2
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg.	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBIW	Rdl,K	Subtract Immediate from Word	$Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl - K$	Z,C,N,V,S	2
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \cdot Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \cdot K$	Z,N,V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$	Z,N,V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF - Rd$	Z,C,N,V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0x00 - Rd$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBR	Rd,K	Set Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
CBR	Rd,K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \cdot (0xFF - K)$	Z,N,V	1
INC	Rd	Increment	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + 1$	Z,N,V	1
DEC	Rd	Decrement	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - 1$	Z,N,V	1
TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \cdot Rd$	Z,N,V	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	Z,N,V	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF$	None	1
MUL	Rd, Rr	Multiply Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
MULS	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
MULSU	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
FMUL	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \lll 1$	Z,C	2
FMULS	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \lll 1$	Z,C	2
FMULSU	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) \lll 1$	Z,C	2
<b>BRANCH INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
RJMP	k	Relative Jump	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	2
IJMP		Indirect Jump to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	2
JMP	k	Direct Jump	$PC \leftarrow k$	None	3
RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	3
ICALL		Indirect Call to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	3
CALL	k	Direct Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow k$	None	4
RET		Subroutine Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	None	4
RETI		Interrupt Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	I	4
CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if $(Rd = Rr)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
CP	Rd,Rr	Compare	$Rd - Rr$	Z, N, V, C, H	1
CPC	Rd,Rr	Compare with Carry	$Rd - Rr - C$	Z, N, V, C, H	1
CPI	Rd,K	Compare Register with Immediate	$Rd - K$	Z, N, V, C, H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if $(Rr(b)=0)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if $(Rr(b)=1)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if $(P(b)=0)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if $(P(b)=1)$ $PC \leftarrow PC + 2$ or 3	None	1/2/3
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if $(SREG(s) = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if $(SREG(s) = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if $(Z = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if $(Z = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if $(C = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if $(C = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if $(C = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLO	k	Branch if Lower	if $(C = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if $(N = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if $(N = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if $(N \oplus V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRLT	k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if $(N \oplus V = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRHS	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Set	if $(H = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRHC	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared	if $(H = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRTS	k	Branch if T Flag Set	if $(T = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRTC	k	Branch if T Flag Cleared	if $(T = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRVS	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if $(V = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRVC	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared	if $(V = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2

## 32. Instruction Set Summary (Continued)

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if (I = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRID	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
<b>BIT AND BIT-TEST INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
SBI	P,b	Set Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 1	None	2
CBI	P,b	Clear Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 0	None	2
LSL	Rd	Logical Shift Left	Rd(n+1) ← Rd(n), Rd(0) ← 0	Z,C,N,V	1
LSR	Rd	Logical Shift Right	Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), Rd(7) ← 0	Z,C,N,V	1
ROL	Rd	Rotate Left Through Carry	Rd(0) ← C, Rd(n+1) ← Rd(n), C ← Rd(7)	Z,C,N,V	1
ROR	Rd	Rotate Right Through Carry	Rd(7) ← C, Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), C ← Rd(0)	Z,C,N,V	1
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), n=0..6	Z,C,N,V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	Rd(3..0) ← Rd(7..4), Rd(7..4) ← Rd(3..0)	None	1
BSET	s	Flag Set	SREG(s) ← 1	SREG(s)	1
BCLR	s	Flag Clear	SREG(s) ← 0	SREG(s)	1
BST	Rr, b	Bit Store from Register to T	T ← Rr(b)	T	1
BLD	Rd, b	Bit load from T to Register	Rd(b) ← T	None	1
SEC		Set Carry	C ← 1	C	1
CLC		Clear Carry	C ← 0	C	1
SEN		Set Negative Flag	N ← 1	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	N ← 0	N	1
SEZ		Set Zero Flag	Z ← 1	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	Z ← 0	Z	1
SEI		Global Interrupt Enable	I ← 1	I	1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	I ← 0	I	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	S ← 1	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	S ← 0	S	1
SEV		Set Twos Complement Overflow	V ← 1	V	1
CLV		Clear Twos Complement Overflow	V ← 0	V	1
SET		Set T in SREG	T ← 1	T	1
CLT		Clear T in SREG	T ← 0	T	1
SEH		Set Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 1	H	1
CLH		Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 0	H	1
<b>DATA TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
MOV	Rd, Rr	Move Between Registers	Rd ← Rr	None	1
MOVW	Rd, Rr	Copy Register Word	Rd+1:Rd ← Rr+1:Rr	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	Rd ← K	None	1
LD	Rd, X	Load Indirect	Rd ← (X)	None	2
LD	Rd, X+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	Rd ← (X), X ← X + 1	None	2
LD	Rd, -X	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	X ← X - 1, Rd ← (X)	None	2
LD	Rd, Y	Load Indirect	Rd ← (Y)	None	2
LD	Rd, Y+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	Rd ← (Y), Y ← Y + 1	None	2
LD	Rd, -Y	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	Y ← Y - 1, Rd ← (Y)	None	2
LDD	Rd, Y+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	Rd ← (Y + q)	None	2
LD	Rd, Z	Load Indirect	Rd ← (Z)	None	2
LD	Rd, Z+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	Rd ← (Z), Z ← Z+1	None	2
LD	Rd, -Z	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	Z ← Z - 1, Rd ← (Z)	None	2
LDD	Rd, Z+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	Rd ← (Z + q)	None	2
LDS	Rd, k	Load Direct from SRAM	Rd ← (k)	None	2
ST	X, Rr	Store Indirect	(X) ← Rr	None	2
ST	X+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	(X) ← Rr, X ← X + 1	None	2
ST	-X, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	X ← X - 1, (X) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Y, Rr	Store Indirect	(Y) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Y+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	(Y) ← Rr, Y ← Y + 1	None	2
ST	-Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	Y ← Y - 1, (Y) ← Rr	None	2
STD	Y+q, Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	(Y + q) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Indirect	(Z) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	(Z) ← Rr, Z ← Z + 1	None	2
ST	-Z, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	Z ← Z - 1, (Z) ← Rr	None	2
STD	Z+q, Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	(Z + q) ← Rr	None	2
STS	k, Rr	Store Direct to SRAM	(k) ← Rr	None	2
LPM		Load Program Memory	R0 ← (Z)	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z	Load Program Memory	Rd ← (Z)	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z+	Load Program Memory and Post-Inc	Rd ← (Z), Z ← Z+1	None	3
SPM		Store Program Memory	(Z) ← R1:R0	None	-
IN	Rd, P	In Port	Rd ← P	None	1



## 32. Instruction Set Summary (Continued)

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
OUT	P, Rr	Out Port	$P \leftarrow Rr$	None	1
PUSH	Rr	Push Register on Stack	$STACK \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
POP	Rd	Pop Register from Stack	$Rd \leftarrow STACK$	None	2
<b>MCU CONTROL INSTRUCTIONS</b>					
NOP		No Operation		None	1
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific descr. for Sleep function)	None	1
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific descr. for WDR/timer)	None	1
BREAK		Break	For On-chip Debug Only	None	N/A

## 33. Ordering Information

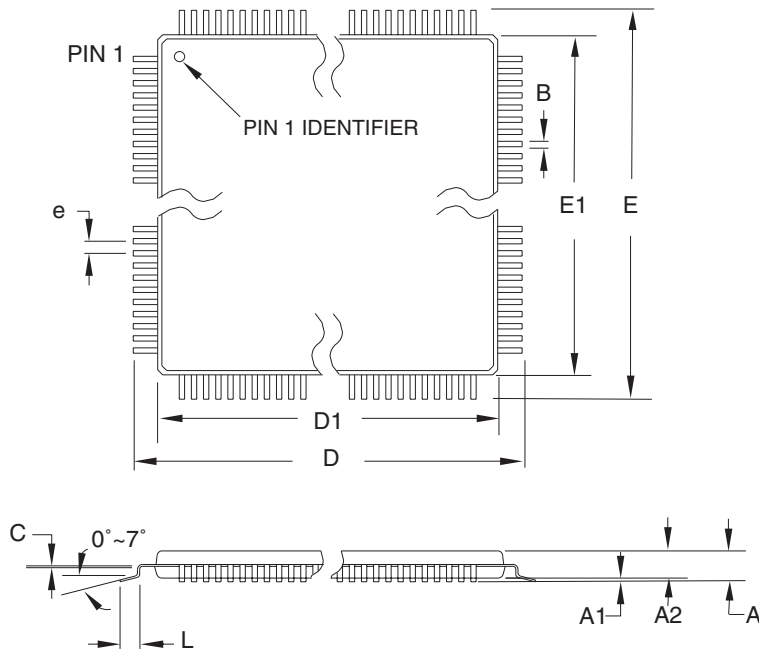
Speed (MHz)	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Package <sup>(1)</sup>	Operation Range
1	4.0 - 25V	ATmega406-1AAU <sup>(2)</sup>	48AA	Industrial (-30°C to 85°C)

- Notes:
1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.
  2. Pb-free packaging alternative, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.

Package Type	
<b>48AA</b>	48-lead, 7 x 7 x 1.44 mm body, 0.5 mm lead pitch, Low Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (LQFP)

## 34. Packaging Information

### 34.1 48AA



**COMMON DIMENSIONS**  
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	–	–	1.60	
A1	0.05	–	0.15	
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45	
D	8.75	9.00	9.25	
D1	6.90	7.00	7.10	Note 2
E	8.75	9.00	9.25	
E1	6.90	7.00	7.10	Note 2
B	0.17	–	0.27	
C	0.09	–	0.20	
L	0.45	–	0.75	
e	0.50 TYP			

- Notes:
1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-026, Variation BBC.
  2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is 0.25 mm per side. Dimensions D1 and E1 are maximum plastic body size dimensions including mold mismatch.
  3. Lead coplanarity is 0.08 mm maximum.

10/5/2001



2325 Orchard Parkway  
San Jose, CA 95131

**TITLE**

**48AA**, 48-lead, 7 x 7 mm Body Size, 1.4 mm Body Thickness,  
0.5 mm Lead Pitch, Low Profile Plastic Quad Flat Package (LQFP)

**DRAWING NO.**

48AA

**REV.**

C



## 35. Errata

### 35.1 Rev. E

- **Incorrect Temperature Measurement**

#### 1. Incorrect Temperature Measurement

Enabling a VPTAT measurement causes a pulse on the  $V_{REF}$  voltage. Due to the  $V_{REF}$  decoupling capacitor this pulse takes about 4 ms to discharge.

##### **Problem Fix/Workaround**

To get a correct reading of the VPTAT, do 10 measurements in a row. The 10th measurement will be correct.

### 35.2 Rev. D

- **Voltage Regulator Start-up sequence**
- **$V_{REF}$  influenced by MCU state**
- **EEPROM read from application code does not work in Lock Bit Mode 3**

#### 1. Voltage Regulator Start-up sequence

When powering up ATmega406 some precautions are necessary to ensure proper start-up of the Voltage Regulator.

##### **Problem Fix/Workaround**

The three steps below are needed to ensure proper start-up of the voltage regulator.

- Do NOT connect a capacitor larger than 100 nF on the VFET pin. This is to ensure fast rise time on the VFET pin when a supply voltage is connected.
- During assembly, always connect Cell1 first, then Cell2 and so on until the top cell is connected to PVT. If the cell voltages are about 2 volts or larger, the Voltage Regulator will normally start up properly in Power-off mode (VREG appr. 2.8 volts).
- After all cells have been assembled as described in step 2, a charger source must be connected at the BATT+ terminal to initialize the chip, see [Section 8.3 "Power-on Reset and Charger Connect"](#) on page 38 in the datasheet.

If the Voltage Regulator started up in Power-off during assembly of the cells, the chip will initialize when the charger source makes the voltage at the BATT pin exceed 7 - 8 Volts.

If the Voltage Regulator did not start up properly, the charger source has one additional requirement to ensure proper start up and initialization. In this case the charger source must ensure that the voltage at the VFET pin increases quickly at least 3 Volts above the voltage at the PVT pin, and that the voltage at the BATT pin exceeds 7 - 8 Volts. This will start up and initialize the chip directly.

#### 2. $V_{REF}$ influenced by MCU state

The reference voltage at the  $V_{REF}$  pin depends on the following conditions of the device:

- Charger Over-current and/or Discharge Over-current Protection active but Short-circuit inactive. This will increase  $V_{REF}$  voltage with typical 1 mV compared to a condition where all Current Protections are disabled.
- Short-circuit Protection active. Short-circuit measurements are activated when SCD in BPCR is zero (default) and DFE in FET Control and Status Register (FCSR) is set.

This will increase  $V_{REF}$  voltage with typical 8 mV compared to a condition with short-circuit measurements inactive.

- c. V-ADC conversion of the internal VTEMP voltage. This will increase  $V_{REF}$  voltage with typical 15 mV compared to a condition with short-circuit measurements inactive.

**Problem Fix/Work around**

To ensure the highest accuracy, set the Bandgap Calibration Register (BGCC) to get 1.100 V at  $V_{REF}$  after the chip is configured with the actual Battery Protection settings and the Discharge FET is enabled.

**3. EEPROM read from application code does not work in Lock Bit Mode 3**

When the Memory Lock Bits LB2 and LB1 are programmed to mode 3, EEPROM read does not work from the application code.

**Problem Fix/Work around**

Do not set Lock Bit Protection Mode 3 when the application code needs to read from EEPROM.

## 36. Datasheet Revision History

### 36.1 Rev 2548D - 06/05

1. Updated [Section 35. "Errata"](#) on page 225.

### 36.2 Rev 2548C - 05/05

1. Updated [Section 35. "Errata"](#) on page 225.

### 36.3 Rev 2548B - 04/05

1. Typos updated, bit "PSRASY" removed, CS12:0 renamed CS1[2:0].
2. Removed "BGEN" bit in BGCCR register. The bandgap voltage reference is always enabled in ATmega406 revision E.
3. Updated [Figure 2-1 on page 3](#), [Figure 6-1 on page 25](#), [Figure 24-9 on page 137](#), [Figure 21-1 on page 120](#).
4. Updated [Table 7-2 on page 33](#), [Table 7-3 on page 34](#), [Table 8-1 on page 38](#), [Table 26-5 on page 181](#), [Figure 27-1 on page 188](#).
5. Updated [Section 12.3.2 "Alternate Functions of Port A"](#) on page 66 and [Section 21. "Battery Protection"](#) on page 118 description.
6. Updated registers ["External Interrupt Flag Register – EIFR"](#) on page 55 and ["Timer/Counter Control Register B – TCCR0B"](#) on page 89.
7. Updated [Section 17.1 "Features"](#) on page 103 and [Section 17.2 "Operation"](#) on page 103.  
Updated [Section 19.1 "Features"](#) on page 111.  
Updated [Section 20.2 "Register Description for Voltage Reference and Temperature Sensor"](#) on page 116.
8. Updated [Section 29. "Electrical Characteristics"](#) on page 211.
9. Updated [Section 35. "Errata"](#) on page 225.



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